



Testing Codes and Private Sector Participation

• ◀ — Presentation — ▶ •

by

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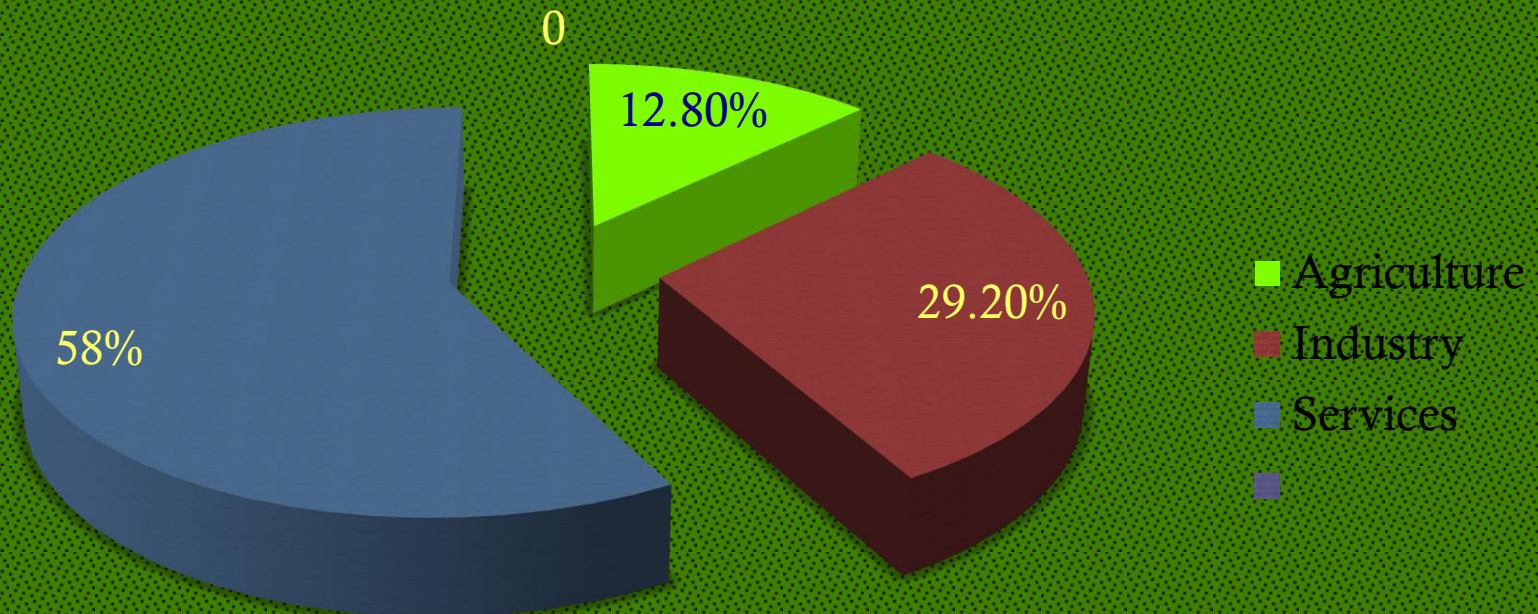
Meeting of the Technical Working Groups of ANTAM- 2016

Sri Lanka



Sri Lanka in Perspective

GDP Composition



Agriculture

Mechanisation in Sri Lanka

- ✦ Net Importer of medium to large scale farm machinery
 - ✦ Eg; Powertiller, Tractors, Transplanters, Weeders, Combine harvesters and implements such as rotovators, disc ploughs, seeders
- ✦ Domestic Manufacture
 - ✦ Restricted to small scale machinery; eg; small scale threshers, oil extractors, and processing machines

Agriculture Mechanisation in Sri Lanka

	2015	2014	2013	2012
Tractors		12,891,030	25,324,153	48,574,937
Powertillers		4,533,502	14,786,453	19,026,004
Combine Harvesters		4,053,836	12,265,440	18,046,538
Implements		5,000,000 (e)	N/a	N/a
Sprayers		1,852,331	3,176,769	2,911,120

Needs of the Private Sector in a Country That is Dependent Upon Imports



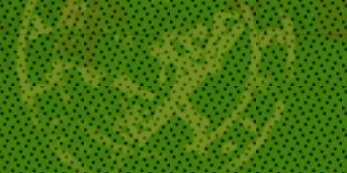
Information on:

- ✦ A List of Manufacturers and the respective Brands that meet up to the Test Codes set up by ANTAM
- ✦ Manufacturers of Farm Machinery of Appropriate technology, that meet minimum standards in term of performance and safety, in member states
- ✦ Such Manufacturers and their Brands must be recognised across member states, without the need for further testing

Private Sector Concerns in a Import Dominated Country



- ✦ Costs of testing
 - ✦ Cost of the machine
 - ✦ Time taken / delay to enter market
- ✦ Assessing the testing codes
 - ✦ Obtain inputs from users to assess practical considerations; criteria that will meet diverse needs



Ultimate Objective Should
Be, To Identify Amongst
Manufacturers of Farm
Machinery in Member States,
Who Conform Their
Production Standards To
Meet ANTAM Test Codes