

Regional Training on Protected Agricultural Technology in Asian Countries

Huawei smart irrigation

# History of High Efficient Irrigation Development





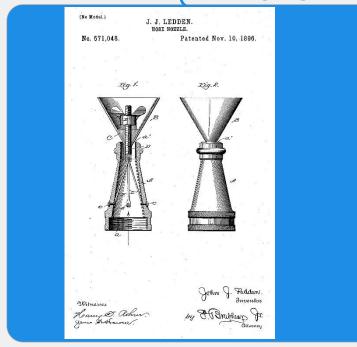
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## Outside China



### Garden Hose Nozzle



### John J. Ledden

Year: 1896

Manufacturer: Patent

Type: Garden Hose Nozzle

Typical use: Agriculture, Commercial,

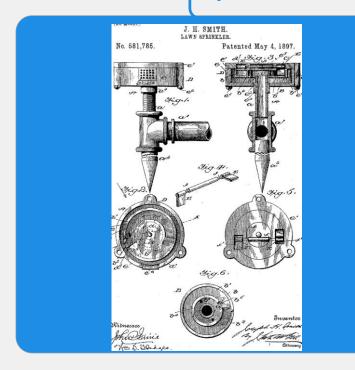
Residential

This patent by John J. Ledden of Baltimore, Maryland, USA, was issued on November 10, 1896. It is not known if it went into production.





### **Sprinkler Patent**



### Joseph H. Smith

Year: 1897

Manufacturer: Joseph H. Smith

Washington D.C.

Type: Sprinkler

Typical use: Agriculture, Commercial,

Residential

This patent from Joseph H. Smith,

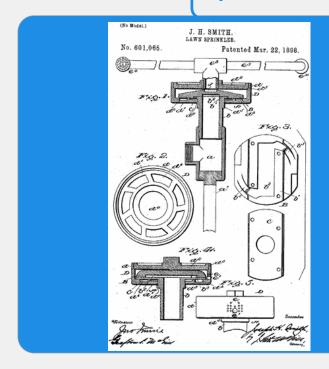
shows a new type of lawn sprinkler.

The patent date is May 4, 1897.





### **Sprinkler Patent**



### Joseph H. Smith

Year: 1898

Manufacturer: Joseph H. Smith

Washington D.C.

Type: Sprinkler

Typical use: Agriculture, Commercial,

Residential

Here's another Joseph H. Smith sprinkler patent and this one is dated,

March 22, 1898.





**Canvas Irrigation Hose** 



### **Agriculture**

Year: 1898

Manufacturer: Joseph H. Smith

Washington D.C.

Type: Sprinkler

Typical use: Agriculture, Commercial,

Residential

Here's another Joseph H. Smith

sprinkler patent and this one is dated,

March 22, 1898.





### **Sprinkler**



## Oscillating Sprinkler

Year: 1935

Manufacturer: White Showers

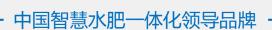
Model: ?

Type: Oscillating Sprinkler

Typical use: Agriculture, Commercial,

Residential

The White Shower sprinklers are an oscillating type of sprinkler. They are attached to the water source by a hose.





**Impact Sprinkler** 



### **Skinner Irrigation**

Year: 1938

Manufacturer: Skinner Irrigation

Troy, Ohio

Model: SAU

Type: Impact sprinkler

Typical use: Agriculture, Commercial

This impact sprinkler would be used on

a stand or portable irrigation pipe.



### **Impact Sprinkler Factory**



### **Buckner**

Year: 1948

Manufacturer: Buckner Irrigation

Fresno, California

Type: Impact Sprinkler

Typical use: Agriculture, Commercial,

Residential

This photo shows how impact sprinklers were made at Buckner Irrigation in Fresno, California, USA in 1948.

## Germany, Australia

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### **Modern drip irrigation**

When researchers began experimenting with subsurface irrigation using clay pipe to create combination irrigation and drainage systems



#### **Hannis Thill**

Year: in 1860, 1920s

Manufacturer: Drip Irrigation

Type:

Typical use: Agriculture

Research was later expanded in the 1920s to include the application of perforated pipe systems. The usage of plastic to hold and distribute water in drip irrigation was later developed in Australia by Hannis Thill.





## Plastic emitter in drip irrigation

Instead of releasing water through tiny holes easily clogging by tiny particles, water was released through larger and longer passageways by using velocity to slow water inside a plastic emitter.



Simcha Blass and his son Yeshayahu

Year: 1959

Manufacturer: Israel

with Kibbutz Hatzerim

Type: Drip Irrigation

Typical use: Agriculture, The first experimental

system of this type was established in 1959 by

Blass who partnered later (1964).





Drip Irrigation
Agriculture



### **Chapin Irrigation**

Year: 1964

Manufacturer: Chapin Watermatics

Water Town, New York

Model: Unknown

Type: Drip Irrigation

Typical use: Agriculture

This photo shows Professor Norman Smith,

Nassau County Agriculture Agent in Old West

Bury Gardens, New York, USA. He is inspecting a

crop of cantalope grown with drip irrigation

developed by Dick Chapin in August 1964.



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## in China



Primitive drip irrigation

氾勝之書 以三斗瓦甕埋著科中央,令甕口上與地平。盛水甕中,令滿。



Bainbridge, David A (June 2001). "Buried clay pot irrigation: a little known but very efficient traditional method of irrigation". Agricultural Water Management. 48 (2): 79–88. doi:10.1016/S0378-3774(00)00119-0. Retrieved 23 October 2013,

### Fan Sheng-Chih Shu

Year: First century BC

Manufacturer:

Model:

Type: Clay pots

Typical use: Agriculture, the use of

buried, unglazed clay pots filled with

water as a means of irrigation.





### **Sprinkler Irrigation**



In the early 1950s, the sprinkler irrigation was introduced into China, and the high income crops and vegetables were applied in the suburbs of the big cities. Sprinkler irrigation technology has been initially applied to agricultural cultivation, such as vegetables, field crops, nursery and so on. Now it is widely used in landscaping, such as lawn, football field, golf course, courtyard, park and so on.

### China

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**Micro Irrigation** 



Since 1974, the micro irrigation technology, it has experienced three stages:

- 1. introduction, digestion and trial production (1974 to 1980),
- 2. depth research and stable development (1980 to 1990)
- 3. rapid development (1990 later).

At present, China has developed and improved drip irrigation equipment, micro sprinkler irrigation equipment, drip pipe (tube), emitter, compensating emitter and the rotary micro nozzles, the establishment of a number of new experimental demonstration base, and the development of a



### **Drip irrigation equipment**



In 1974, three sets of drip irrigation equipment were given to China as a present by the government of Mexico to introduce drip irrigation technology

#### **Mexico**

Year: 1974

Drip irrigation equipment as a present give China by the government of Mexico



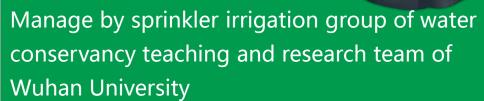
### **National Sprinkler Information Network**



In May 1975, the national sprinkler science and technology information network was approved by the Ministry of Water Resources.

### **Wuhan University**

Year: 1975







**National Sprinkler Information Network** 

In 1975 by the China Academy of Sciences, Ministry of Science and Technology and a number of relevant ministries involved, in Tongliao, Qixian and Luoyang, during the year held irrigation technology conference, for three times within one year, cross sectoral and cross discipline under the promotion of water-saving irrigation, industry ushered in the golden period of development.

Ministries Commissions

Year: 1975

the China Academy of Sciences, Ministry of Science and Technology and a number of ministries and commissions







**National Sprinkler Information Network** 



September 1976, the internal exchange Journal of the national sprinkler technology and information network -- the first publish of the "Sprinkler Technology" magazine

**Wuhan University** 

Year: 1976

Management of sprinkler irrigation group of water conservancy teaching and research team of Wuhan University



### **Micro Irrigation Group**



### **Wuhan University**

Year: June 1, 1990
At the meeting of Agricultural Water
Conservancy Specialized Committee officially
announce to establishment Micro Irrigation
Group

### High Efficiency Irrigation Area

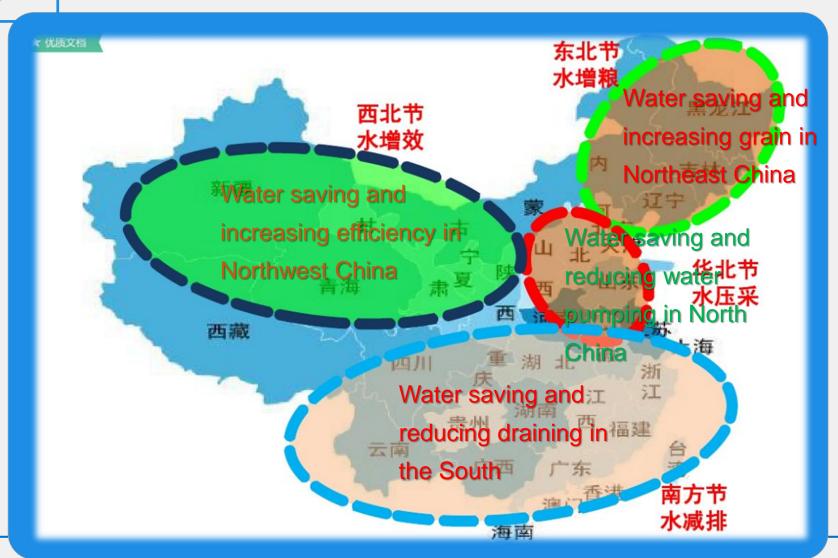
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**HEIS in China** 





### China

■ After more than 40 years of development, great achievements have been made. According to the statistics of the International Commission on Irrigation and Drainage (ICID) in 2016 the latest China, with 65 million 870 thousand hectares of irrigated area ranked first in the world, according to statistics China in micro irrigation area, as 5 million 270 thousand hectares ranked first, while Chinese irrigation area of 3 million 730 thousand hectares, ranked third in the world.

### Red line restriction

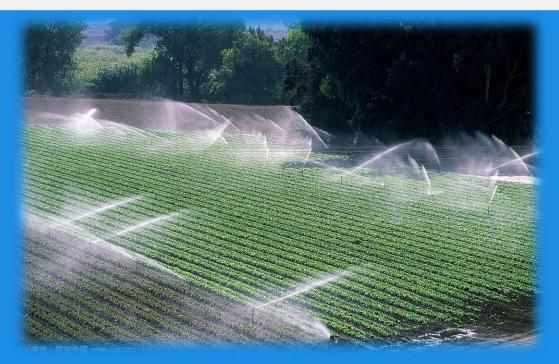
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- ☐ In 2020 and 2030, the amount of agricultural irrigation water was kept at 372 billion cubic meters and 373 billion cubic meters (basically no increase).
- □ The control of water efficiency, in 2020 and 2030 the effective utilization coefficient of irrigation water reached 0.55 and 0.6, promotion of water-saving irrigation technology, channel seepage, pipe transfer of water, sprinkler irrigation, micro irrigation, improve irrigation water metering facilities.
- □ To 2020, the development of efficient water-saving irrigation area of 288 million mu (48 million acres).







**HEIS** is going for ever!